

## Corrigendum

## Stress Sensitization of Ethanol Withdrawal-Induced Reduction in Social Interaction: Inhibition by CRF-I and Benzodiazepine Receptor Antagonists and a 5-HT<sub>IA</sub>-Receptor Agonist

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**Correction to:** *Neuropsychopharmacology* (2003) **29**, 470–482. doi:10.1038/sj.npp.1300282

Following publication of the above paper, the author has identified errors on pages 474 and 476. The corrections are below.

p. 474: 'In agreement with an earlier report by Overstreet et al (2002), activity was not diminished in the group that received 4.5% ethanol diet continuously (ETOH-Cont), or

by the group exposed to the multiple withdrawals (ETOH-Cy3) from the ethanol diet, whereas a small reduction in activity was observed in the rats that underwent a single withdrawal from a 5-day ethanol diet exposure (ETOH-Cy1; see Figure 2b).'

p. 476: 'Additionally, reduced activity was seen during withdrawal from a single 5-day ethanol exposure in the groups without (Veh-ETOH-Cy1) or with corticosterone treatment (Cort-ETOH-Cy1; Figure 4b).'